WHAT ARE THE KEY SEQUENCES IN NEURORADIOLOGY IMAGING?

Or – How do I evaluate a plain MRI of the head?



This lecture is to be used for educational purposes only. Images "borrowed" from the World Wide Web. Eliel Ben-David, M.D.

Three Key Questions

1. Is it real?

2. Is it bad?

3. What is it?

Is it real? - True Pathology vs. Artifact

- zipper artifact
- herringbone artifact
- zebra stripes
- Moire fringes
- central point artifact
- RF overflow artifacts
- inhomogeneity artifacts
- cross-talk artifact
- cross excitation
- phase-encoded motion artifact



entry slice phenomenon black boundary artifact magic angle effect magnetic susceptibility artifact chemical shift artifact dielectric effect artifact Gibbs artifact/truncation artifact zero-fill artifact aliasing/wrap around artifact

11. Know Thy Artifact

- MR hardware and room shielding
- MR software
- Patient and physiologic motion
- Tissue heterogeneity and foreign bodies
- Fourier transform and Nyquist sampling theorem



http://radiopaedia.org/articles/mri-artifacts

Is it bad? – Normal or Abnormal



HeadNeckBrainSpine









optimal preset window



Orbit CT 7.4 Mb optimal preset window





12 Mb optimal preset window



Temporal Bone CT 4.6 Mb optimal preset window



Neck CT 15.7 Mb optimal preset window



MRI 12.4 Mb optimal preset window



Head CTA 11 Mb optimal preset window



Neck CT Lymph Node Levels 4.2 Mb optimal preset window



Thoracolumbar spine Junction CT 10.6 Mb optimal preset



http://headneckbrainspine.com/index.php



What is it?



- Take what lives there and make it abnormal.
- Know the regional pathology/pathophysiology.
- Compare unknown to known.
- How do these pathologies appear on MRI?

Contrast

- Tissue definition/Spatial resolution
- Conspicuity of pathology

Where is it easier to identify the stroke?







t

T1 contrast



Basic Neuro Sequences

Four Shades of Gray – T1





White

Sagittal T1





Sagittal T1









T1+Gd

T2 contrast



Basic Neuro Sequences

Four Shades of Gray – T2



No protons / excited protons

- Air
- Dense Calcification
- Flow voids

(Protein) Bound water tissues (muscle)

Brain Tissue GM

Free water Fat Oxyhemoglobin







3D T2 imaging



CISS/FIESTA

FLAIR / STIR



FLAIR / STIR



Basic Neuro Sequences

Four Shades of Gray – FLAIR











STIR

Diffusion Weighted Imaging





DWI

Diffusion Weighted Imaging





Not all that shines is gold





Diffusion Weighted Imaging - ADC

Apparent Diffusion Coefficient – ADC MAP •A measure of magnitude of diffusion









Imaging of tissues which cause non-homogeneous magnetic susceptibility effects



- Calcium
- Hemosiderin



Summary

Know your:

- Physics
- Neuroanatomy
- Artifacts

Ask yourself:

- Is it real?
- Is it bad?
- What is it?

Sequences

- T1 Gd
- T2
- FLAIR
- DWI
- T2*



http://www.einstein.yu.edu/labs/michael-lipton/educationtraining/introducing-mri/



http://radiopaedia.org/articles/mri-artifacts



http://headneckbrainspine.com/index.php